TARGET ZER

ROAD SAFETY MANAGEMENT:
WASHINGTON'S STRATEGIC
HIGHWAY SAFETY PLAN

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GAMMARTH, TUNISIA

MAY 3, 2017



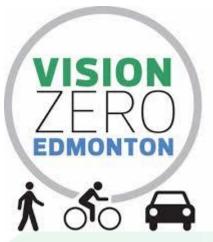




Highway Safety Plan



Since Target Zero
Washington State has
seen a 27% reduction





PROUD PARTNER
TowardZeroDeaths.org









Washington Traffic Safety Commission





Governor Jay Inslee Commission Chair



Roger Millar
Department of Transportation



Chief John Batiste Washington State Patrol



Pat Kohler
Department of Licensing



John Wiesman Department of Health



Judge James P.
Swanger
Clark County District
Court



Chris Reykdal Superintendent of Public Instruction



Pat Lashway
Department of Social
and Health Services



Jim Johnson
Washington State
Association of Counties



Rosemary Brinson Siipola Association of Washington Cities



THE TARGET ZERO VISION



In 2000, Washington was the first state in the U.S. to officially adopt this vision:

Zero traffic deaths and serious injuries on

Washington roadways by the year 2030



Washington State





7.1 Million People – 13th Most Populous State (18% increase since 2000)

- 5,576,586 Licensed Drivers
- 6,252,554 Registered Vehicles
- 59.7 Billion VMT

71,362 Square Miles + International Boarder

171,031 State Roadway Miles

40,000 Miles of County Roads + 3,300 bridges

5-year rolling average - 450 Traffic related fatalities 5

2015 Enforcement

416,699 Speeding Citations 33,397 Cell Phone/Texting Citations 26,363 DUI/Physical Control Cases



The Foundation for Change: ZER®



A Structure and Process for Success

Form a powerful and committed Coalition

- Communicate the vision
- Remove obstacles
- Resources

- Create a sense of urgency
- Inspire a compelling vision



- Data
- **Priorities**
- Goals
- Resources
- **Investment Plan**

- **Projects**
- **Programs**



DEEEESLP Approach to Planning Creating the Vision

Data

Enforcement

Emergency Medical Services

Engineering

Education

Safety Leadership

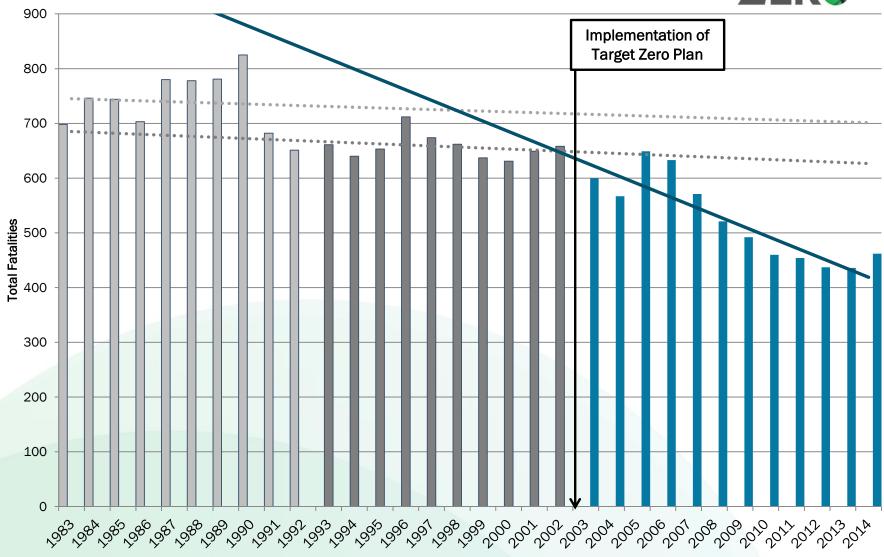
Policy





Fatality Trend Comparisons: 1983 - 2014

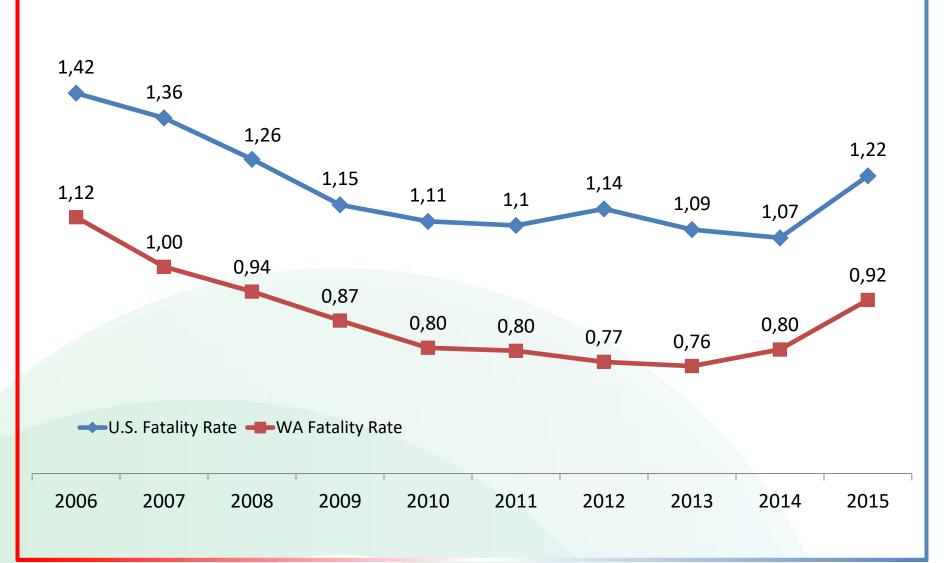






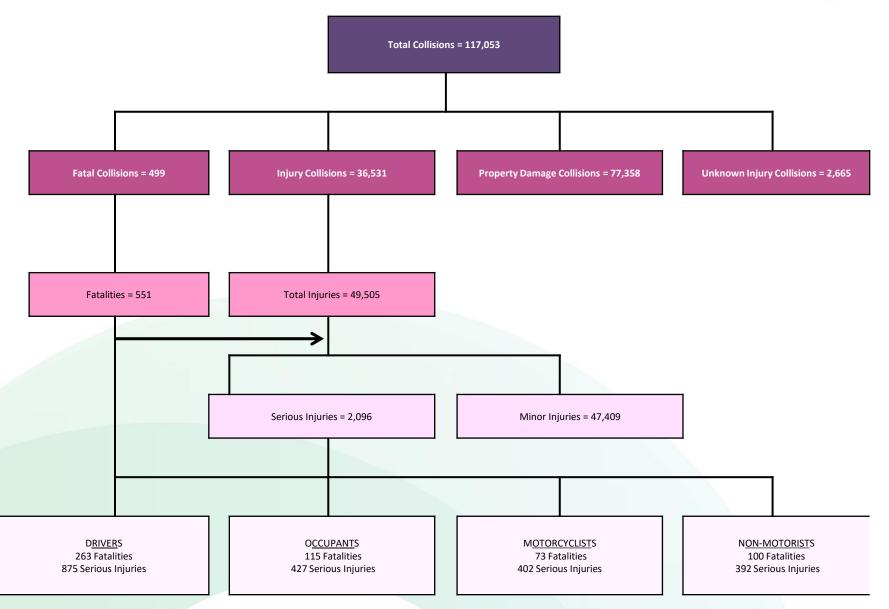


U.S. vs. Washington Traffic Fatality Rates (per 100M Vehicle Miles Traveled)



Collision Diagram Tree 2015





The Coalition and Roadmap

Data Analysts

Project Team

Steering Committee WTSC Commissioners

Governor

arnel

Data Analysts

- Dept. of Licensing
- Dept. of Health
- Dept. of Transportation
- State Patrol
- Washington Traffic Safety Commission

Project Team

- All Data
 Analysts
- County & City
 Law
 Enforcement
- Puget Sound Regional Council
- Tribal Traffic
 Safety Advisory
 Board

Steering Committee

- All Data and Project Team Organizations, plus:
- AAA of Washington
- Dept. of Behavioral Health and Recovery (DSHS)
- Governor's Office (OFM)
- NW Assoc. of Tribal Enforcement Officers
- OSPI K-12
- Tribal Transportation Planning Organizations
- Target Zero Managers
- WA State Association of County Engineers
- WA Assoc. of Sheriffs and Police Chiefs





SHSP REQUIREMENT

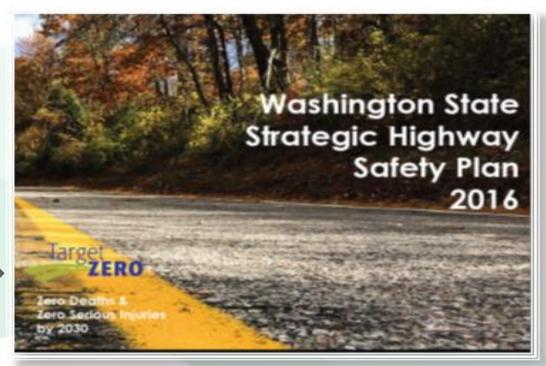


FHWA Guidance on SHSP Updates:

"Consistent with current practice, States should update their SHSPs on a regular basis and *no later than five years* from the date of the previous approved version. SHSP updates must meet the requirements for a State SHSP as defined in 23 U.S.C.

148(a)(12)..."

In 2007, Washington
State made a policy
decision to update the
SHSP every three
years.



TARGET ZERO SHSP REVISIONS ZERO



2016	Update data and strategiesAdd FHWA Evaluation
2013	Organized Project TeamIncreased collaboration
2010	Revised goal-setting methodEnhanced Tribal involvement
2007	 Established priorities, trends, and goals
2000	• First adoption of "zero" goal



Key Elements of Target Zero SHSP

Designed by and created for many traffic safety partners (traditional and non-traditional partners).

Establishes statewide Priorities:

- Based on most current data
- For all traffic safety partners for the next three years
- Utilizing fatality and serious injury data
- Guiding investments and developing a portfolio of projects and programs for federal, state, and local funding

The Plan Documents:

- Jurisdictional problem areas/Priorities
- Evidence-based strategies/Counter Measures that Work
- Targets areas where investments will provide the greatest return and result in less deaths and serious injuries
- Process for monitoring and evaluating the plan





		Fatalities		Serious Injuries		
Washington State 2012-2014		Number	% Total	Number	% Total	
		1,336	100%	6,123	100%	
High Risk Behavior						
1	Impairment Involved	756	56.6%	1,366	22.3%	
1	Speeding Involved	508	38.0%	1,622	26.5%	
2	Distraction Involved	395	29.6%	1,403	22.9%	
2	Unrestrained Occupants	296	22.2%	627	10.2%	
2	Unlicensed Driver Involved	248	18.6%	**	**	
3	Drowsy Driver Involved	39	2.9%	194	3.2%	
Crash Type						
1	Lane Departure	750	56.1%	2,357	38.5%	
1	Intersection Related	276	20.7%	2,129	34.8%	
Road User						
1	Young Drivers 16–25 Involved	423	31.7%	2,057	33.6%	
2	Motorcyclists	224	16.8%	1,110	18.1%	
2	Pedestrians	204	15.3%	906	14.8%	
2	Older Drivers 70+ Involved	162	12.1%	524	8.6%	
3	Heavy Truck Involved	122	9.1%	318	5.2%	
3	Bicyclists	29	2.2%	294	4.8%	
Other Monitored Emphasis Areas						
Wildlife		7	0.5%	49	0.8%	
	Work Zone	3	0.2%	96	1.6%	
Vehicle-Train		2	0.2%	5	0.1%	
School Bus-Involved		0	0.0%	15	0.2%	



Priority level one

Emphasis areas include:

- Factors occurring in at least 30% of total fatalities or serious injuries.
- Decision and Performance Improvement.

Priority level two

Emphasis areas are factors occurring in at least 10% of total fatalities or serious injuries.

Priority level three

Emphasis areas are factors occurring in less than 10% of total fatalities or serious injuries.

**Serious injury data for unlicensed drivers are unavailable



OBJECTIVES AND STRATEGIES



OBJECTIVE		
	STRATEGIES	IMPLEMENTATION A
 Foster leadership to acilitate impaired driving 	IMP.5.1 Continue to build partnerships designed to reduce impaired driving. (P, NCHRP)	Leadership/Policy
ystem improvements	IMP.5.2 Encourage laws that will allow the state to utilize sobriety checkpoints. (P, CTW)	Leadership/Policy
	IMP.5.3 Implement the corridor safety model in high-crash locations where data suggest a high rate of impaired driving. (P, NCHRP)	Leadership/Policy
	IMP.5.4 Encourage laws that use any money collected from DUI fines in excess of \$101 to support impaired driving reduction efforts. (R, GHSA)	Leadership/Policy
	IMP.5.5 Lower the per se BAC limit from .08 to .05 (P, META)	Leadership/Policy
	IMP.5.6 Establish and support the Judicial Outreach Liaison program. (R, NHTSA)	Leadership/Policy
	IMP.5.7 Monitor ignition interlock manufacturers and installers to ensure a continued viability and validity of program. (P, CTW)	Leadership/Policy
	IMP.5.8 Monitor reports from ignition interlock manufacturers on alcohol failures on ignition interlocks and conduct compliance checks. (P, CTW)	Leadership/Policy
	IMP.5.9 Investigate ignition interlock circumvention attempts. (P, CTW)	Leadership/Policy
SPE.1. Reduce speeding through	SPE.1.3 Increase penalties for repeat and excessive speeding offenders. (R, CTW)	Leadership/Policy
enforcement activities	SPE.1.4 Equip law enforcement officers with appropriate equipment for speeding enforcement. (R, WSP)	Enforcement, Leadership,
SPE.3. Build partnerships to increase support for speed	SPE.3.1 Use the corridor safety model in high-crash locations where data suggests a high rate of speeding-related fatal or serious injury crashes. (P, CTW)	Leadership/Policy, Educat Engineering, Enforcem
reducing measures	SPE.3.3 Increase data sharing between local officers, Tribal police, and engineering agencies to identify and develop solutions for areas where speeding is a problem. (R, DDACTS)	Leadership/Policy
	SPE.3.5 Work with Washington Trucking Association and WSP's Commercial Vehicle Enforcement Division to encourage company policies which, when backed with speed monitors or speed regulators, can reduce speeding in commercial vehicles. (R, WSP)	Leadership/Policy
	SPE.3.9 Collaborate with BIA, Indian Health Services, and NATEO to support Tribal Nations who seek to reduce speeding-related crashes on Tribal lands. (U)	Leadership/Policy
DIS.2. Increase/strengthen fines and assist in improved adjudication of distracted driving citations	DIS.2.1 Visibly enforce existing statutes to deter distracted driving. (U)	Enforcement, Leadership,

Impaired Driving Strategies



	Strategies for reducing impaired driving (IMP) fatalities and serious injuri	es
Objective	Strate	Implementation areas
P.3. Prosecute, sanction,	IMP.3.1 Expand use of ignition interlocks. (P, CTW)	Leadership/Policy
and treat DUI offenders	IMP.3.2 Suspend driver license administratively upon arrest. (P, CTW)	Leadership/Policy
	IMP.3.3 Support the Traffic Safety Resource Prosecutor Program. (R, NHTSA)	Education
	IMP.3.4 Conduct alcohol/drug assessments on all DUI offenders and enhance treatment and probation when warranted. (P, CTW)	Leadership/Policy
	IMP.3.5 Match treatment and rehabilitation to the diagnosis. (P, NIH)	Leadership/Policy
	IMP.3.6 Require stronger penalties for BAC test refusal than test failure. (R, CTW)	Leadership/Policy
	IMP.3.7 Encourage attendance at DUI Victim's Panels. (U)	Leadership/Policy
	IMP.3.8 Place limits on plea agreements. (R, CTW)	Leadership/Policy
	IMP.3.9 Establish 24/7 sobriety program. (R, CTW)	Leadership/Policy
	IMP.3.10 Provide prosecution of DUIs as part of the Target Zero Teams. (U)	Education
P.4. Control high- BAC and	IMP.4.1 Monitor DUI offenders closely. (P, CTW)	Leadership/Policy
repeat DUI offenders	IMP.4.2 Require ignition interlock as a condition for license reinstatement. (P, NCHRP)	Leadership/Policy
	IMP.4.3 Incarcerate offenders who fail to comply with court-ordered alternative sanctions (P, NCHRP)	Leadership/Policy
	IMP.4.4 Support and establish DUI Courts. (P, CTW)	Leadership/Policy
P.5. Foster leadership to	IMP.5.1 Continue to build partnerships designed to reduce impaired driving. (P, NCHRP)	Leadership/Policy
facilitate impaired driving	IMP.5.2 Encourage laws that will allow the state to utilize sobriety checkpoints. (P, CTW)	Leadership/Policy
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PROJECT MILESTONES



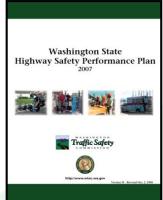
Milestone:	Estimated Date:
Update data and priorities, and establish schedule	May - June 2015
Establish document format and writing teams	July - October 2015
Preliminary update of data and charts	November 2015
Conduct partner's meeting	December 2015
Finalize data and start final strategy review	January 2016
Assemble final draft for review and approval	March 2016
Distribute final draft for tribal and partner review and feedback	April 2016
Commission recommendation to Governor for signature	July 2016 signed in August 2016





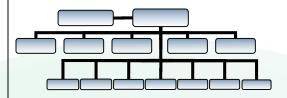
Putting "Target Zero" to Work!





Agency Funding Plan





Structure & Personnel





Traffic Safety
Awards Program





New Initiatives

- Target Zero Teams
- •Target Zero Task Forces
- Pedestrian Advisory Council







Putting "Target Zero" to Work!

Adopt Target Zero priorities in determining funding for transportation safety projects



Use Target Zero proven strategies to address Run-off-the-Road and Intersection issues



Reflect Target Zero
Priorities and
strategies in WSDOT
Safety Program Plan



The Foundation for Change: ZER®



Sustainability

Target Zero is:

- A living document
- **Continuously evolving**
- Must be an integral part of the jurisdictions safety culture
- **Continual engagement** with existing partners and work on developing new partners



- What works for you?
- What are you committed to achieving?



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Washington traffic safety commission

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